



MOUNTAIN SENTINEL.

ANDREW J. RHEY, EDITOR.

EBENSBURG, PA.

Thursday August 14, 1851.

THE "SENTINEL" has much the largest circulation of any paper published in this county—and as an advertising sheet, offers superior inducements to merchants and business men generally. Those desirous of making use of this medium for extending their business, can do so by either sending their notices direct, or through the following agents: John Crouse, Esq., Johnstown. V. B. Palmer, Esq., New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore.

Democratic County Committee.
M. Hason, James M. Dermitt, N. Nagle, John Wherry, Richard White, Thomas H. Porter, Thos. Gallagher, P. J. Little, George Murray, Samuel Blawie, John Anderson, John Adams, John Denton, Eliza M. Lusk, Lewis B. Dunmore, G. Walters, George N. Smith, T. L. Heyer, Andrew Sprout, Charles Dillon.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.
FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM BIGLER,
OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY.
FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
SETH CLOVER,
OF CLARION COUNTY.

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.
JOHN B. GIBSON, OF CUMBERLAND.
JEREMIAH S. BLACK, OF SOMERSET.
JAMES CAMPBELL, OF PHILADELPHIA.
ELLIS LEWIS, OF LANCASTER.
WALTER H. LOWRIE, OF ALLEGHENY.

Democratic County Nominations.
ASSEMBLY,
JOHN KEAN,
of Summerhill.
PROTHONOTARY,
WILLIAM KITTELL,
of Ebensburg.
ASSOCIATE JUDGES,
HARRISON KINKEAD,
of Ebensburg,
GEO. W. EASLY,
of Johnstown.
TREASURER,
REES J. LLOYD,
of Ebensburg.
COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM PALMER,
of Summerhill.
AUDITOR,
ROBERT HAMILTON,
of Johnstown.

A letter from New York, dated 27th July, only reached us yesterday. Will the Postmasters east of this place recollect that Ebensburg is in Cambria, and not in Lawrence County.

There has been considerable Dysentery and Cholera Morbus in the vicinity of this place, during the past two weeks. But a few deaths have occurred and it is generally confined to the older portion of the community.

The Pittsburg Post, of Monday, in copying an article which we published last week, concerning the Whig difficulties in the Somerset district, credits it to the Hollidaysburg Standard. "Tis a nice little fight," and the Post should set us right.

Mr. B. M. Kerr, of Pittsburg, a gentleman deservedly popular as a teacher of Penmanship, has been with us for a week past, teaching the "magic art" to a large school. The manifest improvement of his scholars is the very best evidence of his capacity as an instructor, and it is gratifying to notice the excellent manner in which he has taught them to handle the quill. Mr. Kerr is the Superintendent of the First Ward Public Schools, Pittsburg, a situation which he is capable of filling with distinction, and we respectfully commend him to the kind consideration of our friends eastward. He leaves in a few days.

Plank Road.

At a meeting of the Corporators of the Ebensburg and Susquehanna Plank Road Company at this place, on the 2d of August, over five thousand dollars were pledged for its construction by a few individuals. By an advertisement in this paper the books for the subscription of stock will be opened at Ebensburg on Monday, the 1st of September, Carrollton 8th of September, and the Cherry Tree the 15th of September. We hope every person in the north of the county, as well as the citizens of Ebensburg, will see the importance of this work and subscribe liberally. The Road can and will be made if undertaken with a proper spirit. It will benefit the northern portion of the county and add to the business of the middle portion. We will have more to say on this subject again.

GLORIOUS NEWS FOR THE DEMOCRACY!!!

A DEMOCRATIC GOVERNOR ELECTED IN KENTUCKY!!!
Indiana All Right! Alabama O. K.
The elections were held in Kentucky on Monday, the 4th of August. The returns show the election of Col. Lazarus W. Powell, the Democratic candidate for Governor, over Archibald Dixon, the Whig candidate, by a majority of three thousand. This shows a Democratic gain, since 1848, of 10,000 votes. Hon. John B. Thompson, Whig, is elected Lieut. Governor.—The Democrats have gained one Congressman. The following is the result:

Linn Boyd, (D.) is elected to Congress from the First district; Ben. Edwards Grey, (Ind. W.) in the Second district, by a large majority; Presley Ewing (W.) in the Third district, by 600 maj; Wm. T. Wade, (W.) in the Fourth district, without opposition; J. W. Stone, (D.) in the Fifth district, by 100 to 200 majority over Hill; Addison White, (W.) in the Sixth district; Humphrey Marshall, (W.) in the Seventh district, by 130 majority; John C. Breckinridge, (D.) in the Eighth district, by 536 maj; J. C. Mason, (D.) in the Ninth district; R. H. Stanton, (D.) in the Tenth district.

In Indiana the Whigs have suffered defeat.—The Coons are used up in the Hoosier State.—McGaughey, Whig, has been defeated for Congress. G. W. Julian, Free Soil, also defeated. We are rejoiced at this. Right glad are we to record the election of those radical Democrats, Messrs. Gorman, Dunham and Robinson. The new delegation in Congress will stand as follows: eight Democrats to two Whigs:

- Ist District.—Hon. L. Q. De Bruiler, whig.
- IId " Hon. Cyrus L. Dunham, dem.
- IIId " Hon. John L. Robinson, dem.
- IVth " Hon. Samuel W. Parker, whig.
- Vth " Hon. Thos. A. Hendricks, dem.
- VIth " Hon. Willis A. Gorman, dem.
- VIIth " Hon. John G. Davis, dem.
- VIIIth " Hon. Daniel Mace, dem.
- IXth " Hon. Graham N. Fitch, dem.
- Xth " Hon. James W. Borden, dem.

The Legislature is overwhelmingly Democrat. In Alabama the Democracy have been successful. Hon. Benj. G. Shields, (Union candidate,) has been elected Governor. The delegation in Congress stands six Democrats to one Whig.

In Tennessee, Arkansas, Iowa and North Carolina, the elections have been held for members of Congress, &c., but we have no reliable returns.

A Merited Rebuke.

The editor of the Easton Argus, writing from Lynchburg, Va., very justly makes the following remarks in reference to the course pursued by certain journals in this State, who, in their attempts to injure the character of Mr. Buchanan, have been all along making friends for him. Although we are favorable to the nomination of Gen. Cass, we cannot stand idly by and see the reputation of a leading member of the Democratic party assailed, without placing our veto upon such a course. The letter says:—

"The editors of the Harrisburg Keystone are pursuing a very ungenerous course. Suppose every other democratic paper in Pennsylvania were to adopt a similar course, what would be the end of it? If all the papers friendly to Mr. Buchanan were to follow the example set by the Keystone, and abuse Gen. Cass, Judge Douglass and others, we would have a beautiful state of affairs. It must be peculiarly gratifying to that paper to find its articles against Mr. Buchanan re-published in all the whig papers of the South—the democratic journals know how to estimate its attacks; they have not forgotten that the Keystone was a rabid free-soil paper only a year ago, and are well aware that its opposition to one of the greatest Statesmen of the age emanates from the malicious hearts of disappointed aspirants for public plunder. Suppose Mr. Buchanan did oppose the admission of Missouri as a slave State? What does that prove? Can't a man, in 32 years, change his opinions in regard to public measures? It might as well be argued that because Henry Clay was a democrat in his younger days, he cannot possibly be the steadfast, unflinching whig that every person knows him to be, now."

RESIGNED.

Thomas A. Maguire, Esq., has resigned his situation as Assistant Superintendent of Motive Power on the Allegheny Portage Rail Road. Capt. Phelps has been appointed by the Canal Commissioners to fill the vacancy. The private business of Major Maguire demands his entire attention; hence his resignation. In retiring from this situation, it is but necessary to state, that the friendly relations existing between Capt. West, the gentlemanly Superintendent, and Mr. Maguire, are not severed, and that both parties desire to maintain that intimacy through life that has existed during their official connection. Major Maguire will devote his entire attention to his Hotel in Johnstown, and will use all exertion to increase its accommodations and add to the comfort of his guests.

New Arrangements.

On and after the 15th day of August, (tomorrow,) the Penna. Railroad will run their cars from the Junction to Lockport, 20 miles below Johnstown. Staging from that day will cease through Ebensburg. The stage company have made arrangements to convey the eastern mail daily to Ebensburg, leaving the Summit every evening about 7 1/2 o'clock upon the arrival of the cars from Hollidaysburg, and arriving here between 9 and 10 o'clock same night. The western mail will leave Ebensburg every morning for the Summit, from there westwardly by the cars, &c. From Lockport passengers will take the boat and proceed to Blairsville, (12 miles,) from thence to Pittsburg by stage, 43 miles.—The line of stages from this place to Indiana and Kittanning will leave as heretofore, on Thursday and Monday mornings, but we learn it is in contemplation to put on a line of tri-weekly four-horse coaches on this route. No doubt but that it would be profitable to the owners and convenient for travellers.

Fulton County.

The Democracy of Fulton County held their County Convention on Saturday last, and appointed Conferees to meet the Conferees from Bedford and Somerset, to place in nomination a candidate for Senator, and instructed them to support Hon. John Cessna. Nathaniel Kelly and Samuel Robinson, Esqrs., were nominated for Associate Judges; Mason Lodge, Esq., for County Commissioner, and Jacob Watts, Esq., for County Auditor. Daniel Lake, Geo. White, and James B. Sanson, Esqrs., were appointed Representative Conferees, to meet the Conferees from Bedford and Cambria, and instructed to vote for Wm. P. Schell, Esq., of Fulton, and Col. John Kean, of Cambria, for the Legislature. Resolutions were passed for Hon. James Buchanan, as the choice of Fulton County for the next Presidency. The proceedings were unanimous.

The Representative Conferees from Cambria, Bedford and Fulton Counties, will meet in Bedford, on Tuesday the 2d day of September next, at the Hotel of Major Davis, to nominate two candidates for the Legislature, and appoint delegates to the next State Convention.

Cholera.

Johnstown and vicinity are still afflicted with the disease bearing so close a resemblance to cholera, that we cannot call it by any other name. Since Thursday morning last there has been ten or twelve deaths, some of which occurred in the short space of from four to six hours. The disease has all the symptoms of cholera and is pronounced to be such by the resident physicians. It has been confined to a certain locality, that part of the town lying along the base of the hill, but we learn is extending to the northern and western part of the village. The German population has suffered most from its attacks, caused it is said, by the large quantity of greens, new potatoes, and vegetables they eat daily. The basin of the Canal is overgrown with rank weeds, and the effluvia arising from it every morning is also said to be a cause of the prevailing sickness.

The Hollidaysburg Whig acknowledges a licking on the beautiful question. We make the amende honorable, Major, as to the error we had fallen into. We know of another licking the Whig will have to acknowledge—that of the Whigs by the democracy at the October election. Set the type up, for, as sure as the sun shines, we will beat you worse than they have done in Kentucky.

By reference to the advertising column it will be seen that a grand parade is to be held at the Summit, on Friday, the 12th day of September. The attendance of all the companies comprising the Cambria Brigade is requested.—About that time the editor of this paper intends to present the "Washington Silver-headed Cane" to the person obtaining for him the largest number of subscribers. Who won't try to win it? Put your shoulders to the wheel, gentlemen.—Any person competing for it and not the winner, but obtaining at least five new subscribers, shall be entitled to a copy of the "Sentinel" for one year, gratis.

Blair County.

The Whigs of Blair county have placed in nomination the following Ticket:—Associate Judges.—David Caldwell, Levi Slingluff. Assembly.—Seth R. McCane, Commissioner.—John Bennet. Directors of the Poor.—Jacob Igou, 3 years; Edward McGraw, 2 years. Auditors.—Fleming Holliday, 3 years; James A. McChahan, 1 year. Attorney General.—Joseph Kemp.

Hon. George Taylor was unanimously nominated on the same day by the Conferees from the counties of Huntingdon, Cambria and Blair, as the candidate for President Judge of this Judicial District.—Shield.

From Our Exchanges.

Col. Bigler, the next Governor of Pennsylvania, is expected in Kittanning, Armstrong county, on the 16th or 17th of September. This, being the home of William F. Johnston, looks like bearding the Lion in his den.

Cassius M. Clay, the emancipation candidate for Governor of Kentucky, received 18 votes in the city of Louisville! How are the mighty fallen!

The Harrisburg "State Journal," one of the leading whig papers in the State, has raised the name of Millard Fillmore to its mast head as its choice for the next President. The Hanover "Spectator," a national whig paper published in York county, has hoisted the name of Daniel Webster for the Presidency. What will the Scott men say to this.

The Pittsburg papers state that a man named McCormick has been giving a number of philosophical experiments at Lafayette Hall, one of the most extraordinary of which is that of walking (by means of shoes of a peculiar construction,) in an inverted position, on the under surface of a highly polished slab of Italian marble attached to the ceiling—a feat never before achieved by any man! Responsible persons certify to the fact.

The San Francisco correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, under date of July 1st, says that a cargo of ice had arrived there, and stored in it were 150 barrels of "Baldwin" apples, nicely packed, and each apple carefully enveloped in paper. Notwithstanding their perishing condition, flavor gone, and many of them decayed, and one that would keep sound a fortnight, they readily found purchasers at \$30 per barrel in parcels of ten, or \$35 per single barrel. They are retailed about our streets at 25 cents each for those that are sound; the others, three for a quarter, according to the number of 'spears.'

The greatest lump of pure gold ever found in California, was, according to the California papers, taken out by Messrs. Brown, Beach and Forests, on Scott's Bar, Scott's River, in June last. Its value is \$3150, and it is said that there is not a particle of quartz mixed with the gold, and the entire lump is free from spot or gleish.

A Winchester (Va.) letter to the New York Herald says: We are gratified to state, from the best authority, that on Saturday next, at Shannondale Springs, Major G. Tochan, a Polish exile—now a prominent lawyer in Washington—is to be married to Mad'le Appollonia Jagello, the celebrated Hungarian heroine.—Major Tochan distinguished himself in several hard battles in the Polish revolution of '32, and was present, we believe, in the defence of Warsaw for three days against an overwhelming force of the Russians.

MORALS IN NEW YORK.—The Journal of Commerce says:—"A correspondent calls our attention to the fact that in New York city we have 'nine cases of murder and attempt to kill on hand; two men have been recently executed, and two more are to share the same fate. Two policemen have recently been killed, and several more dangerously wounded. The knife is used frequently and fearfully. Rowdism is increasing all over the city."

VIRGINIA.—The new constitution of Virginia, which will undoubtedly be adopted, requires nothing of the voter except that he be a white male over 21, resident in the State for two years, and in the county or city where he offers to vote for one year. It is thought that this will more than double the number of voters in Virginia.

We notice with sincere regret the death of Mrs. Allen, the wife of the President of Girard College. This sad event took place on Friday morning last, at Chester county. Mrs. Allen was on her way to Bellefonte, when she was seized with the illness that closed her mortal existence.

A letter from Glasgow, Mo., dated July 25 says that that town is nearly deserted by its inhabitants, they having fled through fear of the cholera; up to that day thirteen deaths by the disease had taken place. Among them were George H. Pettis, editor of the Glasgow Banner, Mrs. Duenkle, and Mrs. Steele.

The Stockholm journals state that M'lle Jenny Lind has just purchased one of the largest estates in Sweden, that of Beckarsborg, in the province of Nykoping. These journals state that the last letters received by her friends in Sweden contradict positively the reports lately published of her approaching marriage.

A correspondent of the Augusta Vindicator nominates Thomas Ritchie, Esq., as the next Governor of Virginia. Mr. Ritchie is a particular favorite with the Democrats of Augusta county. In 1847 or '48, he was recommended by them as a suitable candidate for the Vice Presidency.

It is estimated that there are three and a half million of dogs in the United States, and that the expense of keeping them is equal to that of twenty millions of sheep or two millions of cows.

The Pittsburg and Steubenville Railroad, the Pittsburg Journal says, will be made inside the next two years. A board of directors will be elected on the 20th inst.

The potato rot is very bad in Wisconsin and part of the State of Illinois.

FOR THE MOUNTAIN SENTINEL.

The New Costume.

Mr. Editor.—In the Sentinel of July 31st, I observe the communication of Sancho, against the Bloomer Costume. It appears I threw down the gauntlet—and he picked it up. I certainly bid him welcome in the ring. I did indeed expect him to advocate the old mode of dress, and show wherein it is superior and more adapted to the comfort of woman than the contemplated change, but sad disappointment awaited me. In my communication a few weeks ago, I stated—and by the way it is admitted by most ladies,—that the present mode of dress is not the best that could be adopted, and that Reform in female costume was necessary. Hence the onus probandi lies on Sancho's shoulders, and he should have shown wherein it is that the present mode of female dress adds so much "grace and dignity" to the lady, but he is strangely silent on this subject. I have read Sancho's article again and again, and am at last constrained to exclaim with Bassanio in the Merchant of Venice, "his arguments are like two grains of wheat in two bushels of chaff, you must search all to find them, and after you have found them they are not worthy your search." Sancho makes a few beautiful rhetorical flourishes, and no doubt when he wrote his article on Bloomerism he must have been inspired with the chivalric spirit of Don Quixote. It is a very fine thing to talk about "fame," "sword," "pen" and "sweet nonsense," but what all these things have to do with the present subject under consideration it is difficult for me to conceive, unless Sancho thinks that by making use of such "heroic" epithets he will be able to drive the friends of the Bloomer costume from the field, and thus make himself sole umpire of the world of fashion.

We shall now briefly notice a few of Sancho's remarks. He says "Mrs. Bloomer proposes a complete and sudden transformation of the present dress worn by ladies." Well is it wrong that Mrs. Bloomer should do so? If the present mode of female dress is not the best that could be worn, and Sancho does not deny the fact, is it not perfectly consonant with reason and common sense that a change should take place in the world of female fashion? Again he says, "It (the new dress) is undeniably 'pretty' for a Harem girl or ballet dancer; but no less unsuitable for an enlightened woman." &c. Ah, indeed! How does Sancho know it would be unsuitable for an "enlightened" woman. This is simply an ipse dixit without any proof to sustain it. We have it from the lips of intelligent ladies—who say that the new dress is very suitable—we also have the opinions of eminent physicians, who say that the dress now worn by ladies is very injurious to health.

And is this no proof positive? Are we not to take the opinions of men who are capable of judging?

I am of the opinion that Mrs. Bloomer compares favorably with Sancho's female friend in intelligence, whose language he quotes. But let

Mrs. Bloomer speak for herself. Below is an extract of a letter written by her to the N. Y. Tribune.

"Many seem to think if we shorten our dresses just enough to permit them to pass over cigar-stubs, tobacco juice, and other filth, that is all that is necessary to be done. You, sir, I believe, entertain that opinion. But we who know from experience the evils of long skirts—even though they fall no lower than the ankle—and the blessings of short ones, cannot agree with those who think thus. The longer the dress, the greater the quantity of undershirts needed to give us a good figure; the shorter the dress the greater the number and weight dispensed with.

If we wear long dresses, we must from necessity wear a considerable amount of under-clothing; for even a lady in short dress and trousers does not appear so decidedly immodest and vulgar, as does she with a long one clinging close to her form, and whipping about her limbs. By shortening our skirts two or three inches we might save them wiping up filth from the street; but they are just as cumbersome and crippling as the longer ones; whereas, by shortening them nearly to the knee, we not only give freedom and elasticity to our limbs, but relieve ourselves of the undue weight hitherto suspended from the waist.

We may look more graceful in the dragging skirt, but we feel more graceful in the short one.

The only question in regard to the new costume, should be as to its utility; and there are enough of us who can speak from experience on that point. Custom will make any dress look well; and already, to my eye, the American short dress and trousers appears more truly graceful and genteel, than the long, mopping, crippling drapery."

We now ask Sancho to read the opinion of a physician on the subject of the new dress:—

"But I have stronger reasons—professional and scientific—for siding with the reformers, among which are the following—the use of long dresses, implies, as a general thing, the use of stays, thus leading to consumption and a host of other diseases; the use of said ungainly costume is incompatible with exercise, to any extent, and therefore tends to injury of the muscular system, as well as of the nervous and circulatory. The quantity of skirt and prodigality of under-garments infallibly destroys the figure, and frequently induces lumbar abscess, or general spinous affection. The wa-dewy fluids and un-Lubized extracts collected by the long flowing garments and from them in part transmitted to the inferior portion of the lower extremities, throws back the blood from the surface of the skin, thus engendering cold and its many distressing and fatal results.

I do not wish Woman to unsex herself. But she may become rational without becoming masculine. "Is she not rational then?" one cries; I answer, She has reason surely, but she does not exercise it at present. Reason and long skirts could not be co-existent; Reason and drapery-tails are sternly opposed. Reason does not admit the legitimacy of bodices (tightly laced) and is a foe to artificial disease on principle. Reason considers a sound body preferable to a "Grecian bend," and prefers being in good health to being in the fashion. In the name of reason, then, loosen the stay-strings and shorten the skirts."

Does Sancho still think the New Costume unsuitable for an "enlightened" woman? Does Sancho mean to say that none but ignorant ladies have adopted the Bloomer costume? "And since it is clearly proved," says he, "that neither health nor comfort are advanced by it, no lady of good taste would lay aside the graceful and dignified long dress for the doll baby attire of Mrs. Bloomer." How exceedingly modest! Has Mrs. Bloomer no taste? Clear proof! Where are they? Will Sancho give us his idea of the physician's opinion we quote, and then say whether the Bloomer costume is only "doll baby attire"? I particularly invite the attention of the reader to Sancho's closing remarks. And, Oh, gentle reader! did you ever read any thing more sublime? Sancho no doubt imagined that he had a wife—a disciple of Mrs. Bloomer—and that he was treated badly. Oh, ye gods and little fishes! Let not Sancho's fate be that which fitted across his imagination, when he bowed at the shrine of anti-Bloomerism. May he have a gentle, loving wife, one that will look with horror upon the friends of the New Costume, and though she may be able to wear the "breeches" in petticoats, and smoke cigars, play cards, &c. Dear Editor, I here leave the subject with you and your readers.

By remaining, AMICUS.

Dr. Ryder and the Union.

The Washington Telegraph, in alluding to the address of the distinguished President of the Georgetown College, Dr. Ryder, at the commencement, on Thursday last, says:—"Dr. Ryder surpassed even himself. His glowing eulogy on the Union—his scathing denunciations of those who would weaken its bonds or sever its ties—called forth a responsive burst of applause from all who were within the sound of his voice. If Dr. Ryder were a politician, this speech, our informant says, would elevate him far above the many who are called great, in the estimation of those who are satisfied with the Union as it is."

Bigler's Prospects.

Three years ago, we stated that Col. Bigler was then the most available candidate for Governor in the State. This opinion has only been strengthened by time and circumstances, and we repeat that he is now even more popular and more the favorite of the masses than he was then. There is no Democrat opposing him any where; but a number of whigs in various parts of the State, of intelligence and prominence, cordially give him their favor and support. This is the reward of a well-spent public life, and his example should be followed by all who aspire to public favor.—Clearfield Republican.

We Accept the Challenge.

The Democracy of California having nominated Col. JOHN BIGLER as their candidate for Governor, have appointed a committee to offer a CHALLENGE to the Democracy of Pennsylvania, as follows:

"The Democrats of California propose to present the Democrats of Pennsylvania with a splendid Banner, embroidered with California gold, the whole to be worth not less than \$1,000, provided California throws a less majority for Col. JOHN, in proportion to the number of votes cast, than Pennsylvania does "for Hon. WM. BIGLER."

On behalf of the Democracy of Pennsylvania, we accept this challenge with lively satisfaction—and, although we have no doubt that California will elect her BIGLER by a triumphant majority, we are firm in the faith that his acceptance of the Democracy of the "Key-stone State," will double his majority in proportion to the number of votes cast, "therein in accepting the challenge, we feel well assured that our noble old State will be honored with the receipt of this magnificent Banner.

DEMOCRATS OF PENNSYLVANIA, we must not lose this golden prize—and all that is necessary to win it, is for every man to put on his armor and enter the campaign with a spirit and determination to give the "SUSQUEHANNA RHYTHMAN" the largest majority ever polled in the State, and we will do it just as certainly as that the day of election arrives.

The noble spirit which prompted our brethren of California to offer this challenge, is evidence that they intend to make an effort worthy their candidate and the glorious cause in which they are engaged, in which they have our united wishes for their overwhelming success.

- WM. DOCK,
 - WM. DEAL,
 - WM. ROSS,
 - THOS. J. POWELL,
 - J. ELLIS DONHAM,
 - JAS. BURNSIDE,
 - F. K. BOAS,
 - GEO. W. BOWMAN,
 - JAS. L. REYNOLDS,
- Democratic State Central Committee,
Harrisburg, Aug. 1, 1851.

The People Opposed to Him.

All of Governor JOHNSTON'S exertions will save him from a crushing defeat. He is doomed. His fate is sealed, and it requires "DANTE come to judgment" to read the prophetic and palpable signs of the times. The Clinton Democrat has the following new evidence of his approaching overthrow. Let us add another to it—that of one of the most active and thorough-going Whigs in Columbia county, long a leader, and well known as an extensive manufacturer, who openly declares his determination to support BIGLER, CLOVER, and the whole Democratic ticket. We do not feel at liberty to mention his name, but he will, no doubt, speak for himself in good season. He will not support JOHNSTON and the Whig ticket on account of their identity with Abolitionism, and he begins to see that the Democratic policy is the only permanent policy of the country; and the one most to be depended on in the hour of difficulty and of gloom!—Pennsylvania.

MORE OF THE SAME SORT.—A few months ago we gave notice of the fact that our townsman, Benjamin Perry, the great "Iron King," a hard-fisted workingman, and yet a man of extensive reputation, the man who can make iron in furnaces where every body else has failed—is actively at work for Col. Bigler's election, although he supported Johnston before. In today's paper, Col. W. J. Jones, of Youngstown town, who figures under the nom de plume of "Joe," states the fact that, recently, in a crew of forty-six voters, he called the year and says to Bigler and Johnston, and that Bigler had forty-three votes and Johnston three! Col. Jones is one of the most intelligent young whigs of this county, is an effective stump speaker, too, and declares his readiness to take the stump this fall for Bigler if he need. He cannot stomach Johnston's Abolitionism!

Who Pays Expenses?

What excuse can a public functionary, and especially one who occupies the highest place in the Commonwealth, render to the people for a total and continued neglect of his official duties? When a farmer hires a laborer he only pays him for the number of days he labors.—The Legislature have passed a law that the pay of members of their own body shall be suspended whenever they are absent, except in case of sickness. So should it be with every officer in the employ of the Commonwealth. So should it be with the Governor who is now permitting the State retailing his slanders upon the Democratic party, and claiming that he pays the State debt, while in truth his very traveling expenses are paid out of the people's money, which he renders no equivalent.—Investigator.

Execution of the Cosden Murderers—Horrible Scene.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 8.—The execution of the Cosden murderers took place at Chestertown today, and is described to have been one of the most terrible scenes ever witnessed.

Each of the three unfortunate men swung into eternity, protesting their innocence.

All three swung off together. The gallows was twenty-five feet high, and the fall six feet. The rope slipped from off Murphy's neck, which caused a shudder to run through the throng assembled to witness the horrible sight. The flesh on his neck was torn open, presenting a ghastly wound, and he fell heavily to the ground, bounding about insensible, in the most horrible manner.

The excitement at this point was intense.—He recovered his senses in about half an hour. When his comrades, Taylor and Shelton, were taken down, he pronounced them murderers of men.

Murphy then vehemently repeated his protestations of innocence, in the midst of which he was led to the scaffold, the fatal noose adjusted around his neck, and he was again launched into the blood streaming from his neck.